

(Old) Kentucky Whiskey

Musical score for "(Old) Kentucky Whiskey" in A major, 4/4 time. The score consists of four staves of music. The first staff is labeled "A" and contains the first measure of the A part. The second staff is labeled "B" and contains the first measure of the B part. The third and fourth staves continue the B part. Chord symbols are placed above the notes: A, E7, D, A, D, A, E7 in the first staff; A, E7, A, A in the second staff; D, A, E7, A, E7, A in the third staff; and D, A, E7, A in the fourth staff.

"Kentucky Whiskey", also known as "Old Kentucky Whiskey" is an Old-Time breakdown in A Major. The parts are played AABB. It is played in AEae fiddle tuning.

The name Kentucky is derived from the Mohawk phrase "*kenta ke*", meaning "(on) the meadow" or "(on) the prairie".

The area, which encompassed parts of Virginia (including parts of what is currently West Virginia) became the fifteenth state in the Union on June 1, 1792. It is one of four states that are called commonwealths (including Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Virginia).

The banjo tablature is by John Letscher who learned it from the Volo Bogtrotters.

The tune was recorded by Mark Graham on **Natural Selections** (1987), The Freight Hoppers on **Where'd You Come From, Where'd You Go?** (1996), Easy Street String Band on **Money in Both Pockets** (1980), Indian Creek Delta Boys on **Indian Creek Delta Boys - Volume 2** (1977) (as "Old Kentucky Whiskey").